

PANACHAND K. SHAH & CO.

Panachand K. Shah B.Com., L.L.B., F.C.A., DISA (ICA)

Independent Auditor's Report

Ref.:

To the Members of

Kremoint Pharma Private Limited

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

410-411, Parmeshwari Centre, M.M. Malaviya Road, Opp. Nandanvan Indl. Estate, Mulund (W), Mumbai 400 080.

Tel.: 2564 2056

Cell: 98200 51300 / 8850843976 Email: panachandkshahco@gmail.com

Date:

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of Kremoint Pharma Private Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financials statement, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025 and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of Other Information. The other information comprises of Board of Directors Report but does not include the Standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of The Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") with respect to preparation of these Ind AS Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act,2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, from time to time.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the

Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of Ind AS Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

That Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

(i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and

(ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order to the extent possible.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.

- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- (e) Based on the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over the financial reporting of the company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matter to be included in Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (h) With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Accounts and Audit) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The company has no pending litigation and therefore of the question of its impact on financial statement does not arise.
 - ii) The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the company, there are no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) a) According to the representation received from the management that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium

or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- b) According to the representation received from the management that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c) Based on the audit procedures we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement
- v) As per information and explanation given to us and on examination of the records we state the company has paid dividend during the year is in compliance with section 123 of The Companies Act, 2013.

vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10/05/2025

For Panachand K Shah & Co Chartered Accountants

Panachand K Shah

Proprietor

Membership No: 033253

FR No.107271W

UDIN:25033253BMIGMY4378

Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in of our report of even date to the members of KREMOINT PHARMA PRIVATE LIMITED.)

- i. (a) (i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full Particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment and relevant details of Right of use assets.
 - (ii) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The Property, Plant & Equipment and Right of Use Assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification is reasonable in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its Property, Plant & Equipment.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us the, records examined by us and examination of the registered title deed provided to us, we report that the deed of Lease Hold Land and Buildings are in the name of the Company.
- (d) None of the items of Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of use assets) and intangible assets have been revalued during the year.
- (e) According to information & explanation given to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transaction (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under.
- **ii.** (a) Physical verification of the inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and in our opinion, the coverage & procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

iii.(a) The company has granted unsecured loan and stood guarantee for loan taken by subsidiary.

Particulars	Unsecured Loan	Corporate Guarantee
Aggregate amount during the year	Rs. 500/- Lakhs	Rs. 1014.22/- lakhs
Balance outstanding as on 31st March 2025	Nil	Rs. 1014.22/- lakhs

- (b) In our opinion guarantee provided under terms & conditions of the loans granted are not prejudicial to the interest of the company.
- (c) In respect of loan granted during the year repayment of principal amount and payment of interest was regular as stipulated.
- (d) There are no overdue amounts in respect of the loan granted to subsidiary and as stated above under clause 3(a) the outstanding balance as of 31st March 2025 is Nil. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(d) and (e) is not applicable.
- (f) Based on information and explanation given to us, the company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loan either payable on demand or without specifying any terms of period of repayment. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us and based on the audit procedure conducted by us, in respect of security provided and investment made, the company has complied with the provision of

Section 185 and 186 of the companies Act 2013 as applicable. The Company has not granted any loans and advances, not given guarantees.

v.In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits. Therefore, question of reporting compliance with directive issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and rules framed there under does not arise. We have been informed that no order relating to Company has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.

vi. The Company is required to maintain Cost Records as specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, and accordingly, such accounts and records are made and maintained by the Company.

In accordance with Rule 4 of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the requirement for cost audit shall not apply to the Company as its revenue from exports, in foreign exchange, exceeds seventy five percent of its total revenue.

- vii. (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues including income tax, GST, Profession Tax, Employee State Insurance, Provident Fund and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with appropriate authorities. There are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at 31 March 2025 for the period of more than six months from the date become payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no dues of income tax, GST, sales tax or value added tax are disputed or pending with any forum.

viii. According to information & explanation given by the management, and based on the procedure carried out during the course of our audit, we have not come across any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

- ix. Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanation given by the management,
- a) we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted any in repayment of dues to the bank.
- b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- c) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanation given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not taken any term loan and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(c)is not applicable.
- d) The fund raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term basis. Hence further reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) is not applicable.
- e) During the year, the company has not availed any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligation of its subsidiary. The company does not have any associate or joint venture. Hence further reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.
- f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in subsidiary. The company does not have any associate or joint venture. Hence further reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) is not applicable.
- x. a) The company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Hence further reporting under clause 3(x)(a) is not applicable.
- b) According to information and explanation given to us and our examination of our records the company has not made preferential allotment or private placement of shares and convertible debentures and therefore requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable.
- Xi a) During the course of our examination of the books of account and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither noticed nor have been informed by the management, any incidence of fraud by the Company or on the Company.

- **Xi b)** No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- **Xi c)** According to information and explanation given to us no complaint has been received from the whistleblower during the year.
- Xii a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
- Xii b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- Xii c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- **xiv)** In our opinion and based on our examination the company does not have internal audit system and is not required to have internal audit system as per the provisions of Companies Act 2013.
- **xv).** According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- **xvi a)** In our opinion the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

xvi b) In our opinion this clause is not applicable to the company.

xvi c) In our opinion this clause is not applicable to the company.

xvi d) In our opinion this clause is not applicable to the company.

xvii) In our opinion and from the examination of the records the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in immediately preceding financial year.

Xviii) There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditor during the year.

xix) According to the information and explanation given to us on the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payments of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the board of directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which cause us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not assurance as to the future viability of the company, we further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as when they fall due.

xx During the year there are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

Date: 10/05/2025

Place: Mumbai

For Panachand K Shah & Co Chartered Accountants

Panachand K Shah

Proprietor

Membership No: 033253

FR No.107271W

UDIN:25033253BMIGMY4378

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Kremoint Pharma Private Limited as of 31 March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting.

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and Guidance Note

require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone financial statements for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not to be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our Opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 march 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Date: 10/05/2025

Place: Mumbai

M.No. 033253 SLIVE

For Panachand K Shah & Co Chartered Accountants

Panachand K Shah

Proprietor

Membership No: 033253

FR No.107271W

UDIN:25033253BMIGMY4378

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF KREMOINT PHARMA PVT LTD FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

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Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 202
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS	1 1		
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	2,210.80	2,345.9
(b) Capital work-in-progress	2	12.92	-
(c) Investment property	1 1		
(d) Other intangible assets	3	0.99	1.0
(e) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	4	18.50	18.5
(ii) Others	5	839.72	223.7
(f) Other non-current assets	6	2.00	21.1
CURRENT ASSETS		3,084.93	2,610.2
(a) Inventories	7	500.60	635
1146-4	7	509.69	635.4
(b) Financial Assets			4 200
(i) Trade receivables	8	1,451.85	1,208.7
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,158.03	519.4
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	10	1,695.20	2,908.2
(iv) Loans	11	3.62	6.3
(v) Others	12	142.48	107.0
(c) Current tax assets (Net)		53.03	36.3
(d) Other current assets	13	130.68	150.9
		5,144.58	5,572.5
Assets Classified as held for Sale	49	717.24	1/2
TOTAL ASSETS		8,946.75	8,182.8
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
(a) Equity Share Capital	14	6.00	6.0
(b) Other Equity	15	7,769.87	6,589.0
LIABILITIES	1 1		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	1 1		
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16	17.28	49.
(ia) Lease Liabilities	17	23.64	2.0
(b) Provisions	18		6.9
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	19	151.71	152.5
(d) Other non-current liabilities	20	4.71	6.0
CURRENT LIABILITIES		197.34	217.3
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	21	48.26	723.4
(ia) Lease Liabilities	22	15.97	11.3
(ii) Trade payables(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small	23	157.67	454
		157.07	154.0
enterprises		202.42	400
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		293.19	199.
enterprises and small enterprises	1		p
(iii) Other financial liabilities	24	60.39	53.
(b) Other current liabilities	25	383.50	228.
(c) Provisions	26	15.16	7=
(d) Current tax liabilities (Net)			-
		973.54	1,370.4
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		8,946.75	8,182.8

Statement of Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For Panachand K Shah & Co. **Chartered Accountants**

Panachand K Shah Proprietor Membership No:033253 F R NO:107271W

Place : Mumbai Date: May 10, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board

B.K. Thatkar

Bhadresh Thakkar Director (DIN:00774787)

Place : Mumbai Date: May 10, 2025 Gagan Harsh Sharma Director

(DIN:07939421)

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

		#!	(Rs in Lakh
Particulars	Note	For the year ended	For the year ended
atticulais	Note	March 31, 2025	March 31, 202
INCOME			
I Revenue from Operations	27	6,132.10	5,549.93
II Other Income	28	339.55	225.76
III Total Income (I+II)		6,471.65	5,775.69
IV EXPENSES			
Cost of material consumed	29	2,637.55	2,399.70
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade		109.19	116.84
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-	30	68.48	99.18
Trade			
Employee benefits expense	31	792.48	715.25
Finance costs	32	52.69	72.72
Depreciation and amortisation expense		157.81	148.42
Other Expenses	33	1,035.45	903.6
Total Expenses		4,853.65	4,455.77
V Profit before exceptional items(III-IV)		1,618.00	1,319.92
VI Exceptional Items			₩
VII Profit before tax (V-VI)		1,618.00	1,319.92
VIII Tax Expense			
(1) Current tax		418.54	335.66
(2) Deferred tax		(0.46)	0.53
(3) Taxation adjustment of earlier years Excess(-)/Short(+)		0.01	0.68
IX Profit for the year (VII-VIII)		1,199.91	983.07
(A)(i)Item that will not be re-classified to profit and loss	2		5
(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit plan		(1.50)	(2.54
(ii) Deferred tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit		0.38	0.64
or loss			
B (i)Items that will be re-classified to profit and loss			
X Total Comprehensive Income for the year		1,198.79	981.17
Earnings per equity share of Rs. 100/- each			
Earnings per share in Rs. (Basic)	42	19,998.50	16,384.50

Statement of Material Accounting Policies

1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For Panachand K Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants

Panachand K Shah

Proprietor

Membership No:033253

F R NO:107271W

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board

B.K.Thakkay

Bhadresh Thakkar Director (DIN:00774787)

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2025 Gagan Harsh Sharma

Director

(DIN:07939421)

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Standalone Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

		(Rs in Lakh
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 202
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Profit before Tax	1,618.00	1,319.9
Adjustments for:	2,020.00	
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	157.81	148.42
Loss / (Profit) on sale / write-off of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	6.59	(1.51
Finance Costs	52.69	72.73
Interest Income	(244.79)	(161.57
Balance Written off/back and other non cash item	(0.82)	7.47
Unrealised Gain on foreign exchange fluctuation	(6.35)	(10.50
Provision for Employee Benefits	9.17	7.08
Operating Cash flows before Working Capital Changes	1,592.30	1,382.02
Changes in working capital:		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories	125.79	21.58
Trade Receivables	(237.14)	1,188.02
Current & non-current Loans	2.72	1,166.02
Other Current & Non-current Financial Assets	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	404.21
Other Current & Non-Current Assets Other Current & Non-Current Assets	(3.61) 18.25	164.39
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:	16.25	104.55
Current Trade Payables	07.04	(644.20
Other Current and non-current Financial liabilities	97.04	(644.39
Other Current liabilities & Provisions	10.37	4.40
Cash Generated from Operations	(53.90)	47.46
Net Income tax paid	1,551.82 (435.24)	2,569.1 9 (331.59
Net Cash Flow generated / (used in) from Operating Activities		
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities	1,116.58	2,237.60
Payment for acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment, including capital	(697.34)	(324.71
advances	(097.34)	(324.71
Net Proceeds from disposal/sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	202.34	7.15
nterest on Deposits with Banks	209.20	90.90
Net changes in other Bank Balances	1,213.03	(1,992.36)
Investment)/Redemption in Fixed Deposits (maturity more than 12 months)	(612.22)	(1,552.50
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	315.01	(2,219.02
C. Cash flow from financing activities	313.01	(2,219.02
Loan given to Subsidiary	(500.00)	
oan repaid by Subsidiary	500.00	~
Proceeds from Borrowings (net)	300.00	238.71
Repayment of Borrowings	(707.64)	(29.74)
nterest paid	(48.10)	(68.78)
Payment of Lease Liabilities	(19.15)	(19.14)
Payment of Dividend	(18.00)	(18.00)
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(792.89)	103.05
ter cash asea in rinaheng Activities	(752.85)	103.03
let (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalent	638.70	121.63
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period	519.42	397.82
oreign exchange Gain/(Loss) on Cash & cash Equiivalent	(0.09)	(0.03)
Cash and Cash equivalent at End of the period	1,158.03	519.42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For Panachand K Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants

Panachand K Shah Proprietor Membership No:033253 F R No:107271W

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board

B.K. Thakkar

Bhadresh Thakkar Director (DIN:00774787)

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2025 Gagan Marsh Sharma Director (DIN:07939421)

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Standalone Statement of Change in Equity as at March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	Number of Shares	Amount
Equity Share Capital of Rs. 100/- as at 1st April, 2024	6,000	6.00
Changes during the year		5 201
Equity Share Capital of Rs. 100/- as at 31st March, 2025	6,000	6.00

(Rs in Lakh)

Other Equity	Retained Earnings	General Reserves	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity
Opening Balance	6,420.42	166.00	2.66	6,589.08
Profit for the Year	1,199.91			1,199.91
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of income tax)			(1.12)	(1.12)
Dividend Paid	(18.00)			(18.00)
Closing Balance	7,602.33	166.00	1.54	7,769.87

Statement of Change in Equity as at March 31, 2024

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	Number of Shares	Amount
Equity Share Capital of Rs. 100/- as at 1st April, 2023	6,000	6.00
Changes during the year		.
Equity Share Capital of Rs. 100/- as at 31st March, 2024	6,000	6.00

(Rs in Lakh)

				(KS III Lakii)
Other Equity	Retained Earnings	General Reserves	Other	Total Other
			Comprehensive	Equity
			Income	A 10
Opening Balance	5,455.35	166.00	4.56	5,625.91
Profit for the Year	983.07	=	-	983.07
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of income tax)	-	-	(1.90)	(1.90)
Dividend Paid	(18.00)		-	(18.00)
Closing Balance	6,420.42	166.00	2.66	6,589.08

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

As per our report of even date For Panachand K Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants

Panachand K Shah

Proprietor Membership No:033253

F R NO:107271W Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board

B.K. Thakkar

Bhadresh Thakkar Director (DIN:00774787)

Place : Mumbai Date : May 10, 2025 Gagan Harsh Sharma

Director (DIN:07939421)

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Corporate Information:

Kremoint Pharma Pvt Ltd ("the Company") is a Private limited Company, incorporated on May 12, 1992 & domicile in India under the Companies Act, 2013("the Act"), having its registered office at B-8, Additional Ambernath MIDC, Opposite Anand Nagar Octroi Naka, Ambernath, Thane, Maharashtra - 421506. The Company is engaged in manufacturing, marketing, trading and export of pharmaceutical products. The Company has its own manufacturing facility at Ambernath. The company has also started manufacturing of Pharmaceutical products at Baddi Himachal Pradesh.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on May 10, 2025.

a) Basis of Accounting and Preparation of Financial Statements

The separate financial statements (also referred as standalone financial statements) have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The financial statements are prepared and presented in the form set out in Schedule III of the Act, so far as they are applicable thereto. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current / non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III of the Act. Based on the nature of services and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The material accounting policy used in the preparation of the standalone financials statements have been discussed in below notes.

b) Basis of Measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value and assets held for sale-measured at fair value less cost to sell and defined benefit plan assets measured at fair value.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if the market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the financial statements is determined on such a basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- I) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- II) Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- III) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

c) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions, that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of financial statements, which in management's opinion are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from the estimates used in preparing the accompanying financial statements. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the accounting policies:

- Fair value measurement of financial instruments
- Measurement of defined benefit obligations
- Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies
- Income Tax and Deferred Tax
- Leases
- Useful lives of property, plant, equipment and Intangibles
- Impairment of Intangibles
- Impairment of financial assets

d) Functional and presentation currency:

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. All the amounts are stated in Rupees in Lakh.

Note 1: Material Accounting Policies

I. Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at their cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss.

Freehold land is carried at historical cost.

Expenditure incurred during the period of construction is carried as capital work-in-progress and on completion the costs are allocated to the respective items of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight-line method over the estimated useful life which is in line with that indicated in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

S. No.	Assets	Useful Life
(i)	Buildings	30 to 60 Years
(ii)	Plant and Equipment	15 Years
(iii)	Plant and Equipment (Pharmaceutical & Chemical Manufacture)	20 Years
(iv)	Electrical Installations and Equipment	10 years
(v)	Laboratory Equipment	10 years
(vi)	Computers	3 years
(vii)	Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
(viii)	Office Equipments	5 years
(ix)	Vehicles	8 Years
(x)	Servers & Networks	6 years

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

II. Leases

Company as a Lessee.

The Company's lease assets are primarily consist of lease for buildings.

The right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the incremental borrowing rate. For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

III. Financial Instruments:

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Except for trade receivables, all financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of incremental transaction costs.

Financial Assets and Liability at Amortised Cost

A 'financial asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- i) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets/liability for collecting/paying contractual cash flows, and
- ii) Contractual terms of the asset/liability give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial assets and financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Examples include financial assets and financial liabilities aggregated in cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables and other financial assets line items. Refer Note No 33 for disclosure on categories of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial Instruments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

A financial instrument which is not classified as at amortised cost are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss except for equity investments not held for trading and not under liquidation on initial recognition. Such equity investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income.

IV. Impairment of Assets

Financial Assets

The Company uses both forward-looking and historical information to determine whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

V. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, packing materials, work-in-progress, stock-in-trade, and finished goods.

Raw material, packing material are valued at cost. Cost of raw materials is determined using the weighted average cost method.

Inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress are valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower. Cost is determined on the moving weighted average method.

The factors that the Company considers in determining the allowance for slow moving, obsolete and other non-saleable inventory include estimated shelf life, price changes, ageing of inventory, to the extent each of these factors impact the Company's business and markets. The Company considers all these factors and adjusts the carrying amount of inventory to reflect its actual experience on periodic basis.

VI. Investments in Subsidiaries:

The Company accounts for its investments in subsidiaries at cost less accumulated impairment, if any.

VII. Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognises revenue from the following major sources:

- Sale of goods
- · Sale of services

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Revenue is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to the customer, which is when the customer obtains control of the good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied at a point in time or over time. The amount of revenue recognized is the amount allocated to the satisfied performance obligation.

Revenue is recognized only when it can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company.

Revenue from operations includes sales of goods, services, scrap, commission, export incentives. Revenue excludes Goods and Service Tax amount collected on behalf of third parties.

1. Sales of Goods:

Revenue from sale of Manufactured and traded goods is recognised when a promise in a customer contract (performance obligation) has been satisfied by transferring control over the promised goods to the customer. The control of goods is usually transferred to customer depending upon the incoterms or as agreed with customer upon shipment, delivery to the customer, in accordance with the delivery and acceptance terms agreed with the customers. Control over a promised good refers to the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, those goods. Revenue is measured based on transaction price, which is the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, stated net of rebates, discounts, returns, indirect taxes or any other similar allowances. Transaction price is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the sales discounts.

Incentives are accounted based on the assessment of whether the beneficiary (of the incentive) is acting as a principal or an agent. Where the beneficiary is a principal, the incentive is regarded as consideration paid to the customer and is reduced from revenue. However, where the beneficiary is an agent, the incentive payment is recognised as an expense as the same is in the nature of commission. Advance received from customer before transfer of control of goods to the customer is recognised as contract liability.

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

2. Sales of Services:

Revenue from services is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contract with customers when the related performance obligation is completed. The Company recognizes revenue at the point of time on the basis of completion of milestones i.e., when the underlying services are performed as per the terms of the contract and when the control is transferred to the customer. Upfront non-refundable payments received under these arrangements are deferred and recognised as revenue over the expected period over which the related services are expected to be performed.

Performance Obligation and Transaction Price (Fixed and Variable).

At inception of the contract, Company assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identify each promise to transfer to the customer as a performance obligation which is either:

- (a) a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- (b) a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

Based on the terms of the contract and as per business practice, the Company determines the transaction price considering the amount it expects to be entitled in exchange of transferring promised goods or services to the customer. It excluded amount collected on behalf of third parties such as taxes. For allocating the transaction price, the Company has measured the revenue in respect of each performance

obligation of a contract at its relative standalone selling price. The price that is regularly charged for an item when sold separately is the best evidence of its standalone selling price.

VIII. Government Grants:

Export entitlement under the Duty Drawback scheme, Rodtep scheme, Merchandise Exports Incentive Scheme ("MEIS") is grant related to income. The Company presents the grant income from export entitlements and related expenses on gross basis.

IX. Employee Benefits:

a) Short Term Employee Benefits

Benefits such as salaries and wages, etc. and the expected cost of the bonus/ ex-gratia are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Liability for Compensated Absences and Leave Travel Allowance which are in the nature of short-term benefits is provided for as per Company policies based on the undiscounted amount of benefits expected to be paid in exchange of services rendered.

b) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company has Defined Contribution Plans for post-employment benefits charged to the statement of profit and loss on accrual basis, in the form of

- Provident fund for all employees which is administered by Regional Provident Fund Commissioner.
- State Defined Contribution Plans: Employer's Contribution to Employees' State Insurance.

c) Defined Benefits Plans

The Company's liability towards gratuity to its employees is covered by a group gratuity policy with an insurance company. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. Liability towards gratuity is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit method and the current service cost and interest on the net defined benefit

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

liability/ (asset) is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Past service cost is immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Actuarial gains and losses net of deferred taxes arising from experience adjustment and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and aggregated with retained earnings in statement of changes in equity.

X. Taxation

Tax Expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred taxes arising from deductible and taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profits. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The deferred tax arising from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction are not recognised. The Company has recognised deferred tax on right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on gross basis in accordance with the amendment to Ind AS 12.

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737 Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Note 2 Property, Plant and equipment as at March 31, 2025

									(Rs in Lakh)	
Particulars	Land	Building	Plant & equipment	Vehicles	Furniture & fixtures	Office	Computers	Right to Use Asset	Total	Capital work in progress
Gross Block								(Building)		
Opening Balance	695.34	1,091.59	928.79	243.41	174.73	73 62	A1 66	00 33	2 300 0	
Additions	542.26	70.82	76.07		3.24	6.72	00.11	03.30	3,235.67	
Disposals/Transfers			17.53			7	55.0	43:33	146.83	76:71
Transfer to Asset held for Sale (Refer Note 49)	514.78	251.78							766 56	
Closing Balance	722.82	910.63	987.33	243.41	177.47	61.39	48.05	100 31	2 260 41	1202
Accumulated Depreciation							2	10.001	14,002,6	76'71
Opening Balance		251.00	414.61	61.02	105.36	29.02	35.13	53.62	97 949	
Additions		26.94	60.21	28.41	15.18	6.74	3.20	17.09	157.77	
Disposals/Transfers			8.60						8 60	
Transfer to Asset held for Sale (Refer Note 49)	í	49.32							49.32	
Closing Balance		228.62	466.22	89.43	120,54	35.76	38.33	70.71	1.049.61	
Net Block as at Mar 31, 2025	722.82	682.01	521.11	153.98	56.93	25.63	9.72	38.60	2,210.80	12.92

Note 2 Property, Plant and equipment as at March 31, 2024

									(Rs in Lakh)	
	Land	Building	Plant &	Vehicles	Furniture &	Office	Computers	Right to Use	Total	Capital work in
Particulars			equipment	*	fixtures	equipment	ä	Asset		progress
								(Building)		
Gross Block										
Opening Balance	695.34	1,049.86	847.14	109.94	170.80	41.66	38.05	65.98	3.018.77	
Additions	34	41.73	85.01	156.83	3.43	13.01	3,61		303.62	
Disposals/Transfers	.10	1	3.36	23.36	e				26.72	(*
Closing Balance	695.34	1,091.59	928.79	243.41	174.23	54.67	41.66	65.98	3.295.67	
Accumulated Depreciation										W.
Opening Balance		224.34	361.52	55.77	89.17	23.85	32.34	36.28	823.27	,
Additions	3.	26.66	54.37	25.05	16.19	5.17	2.79	17.34	147.57	
Disposals/Transfers	3.●	á	1.28	19.80					21.08	
Closing Balance	(9))	251.00	414.61	61.02	105.36	29.02	35.13	53.62	949.76	
Net Block as at March 31, 2024	695.34	840.59	514.18	182.39	68.87	25.65	6.53	12.36	2,345.91	

i) The Title Deed of all Immovable Properties are held in the name of the Company
ii) Refer Note II of Material Accounting Policies for detailed disclosure of Right of Use asset and for Lease Liability created against the Right of Use assets.

iii) CWIP Ageing Schedule

	Amo	Amount of CWIP as at March 31, 2025	March 31, 2025	The second second	
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
Projects in Progress					
Others	12.92				12.92
Fotal	12.92	•			12.92
Projects temporarily suspended		,	,		

iv) Completion is overdue/has exceeded its cost compared to original plan - Nil

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Note 3 Other Intangible Assets as at March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	Software	Total
Gross Block		
Opening Balance	17.78	17.78
Additions		
Disposals/Transfers		
Closing Balance	17.78	17.78
Accumulated Amortisation		
Opening Balance	16.75	16.75
Amortisation charge for the year	0.04	0.04
Disposals/ Transfers		
Closing Balance	16.79	16.79
Net Block as at March 31, 2025	0.99	0.99

Note 3 Other Intangible Assets as at March 31, 2024

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	Software	Total
Gross Block		
Opening Balance	17.78	17.78
Additions	-	=
Disposals/Transfers	3-	
Closing Balance	17.78	17.78
Accumulated Amortisation		
Opening Balance	15.90	15.90
Amortisation charge for the year	0.85	0.85
Disposals/ Transfers		2
Closing Balance	16.75	16.75
Net Block as at March 31, 2024	1.03	1.03

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(F				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As a March 31, 2024		
Note 4. Financial Assets- Non Current Investments				
Investments in Equity Instruments:	71			
Investment in Subsidiaries, Unquoted, carried at Cost	and the first of the			
- 17,500 (March 31, 2024 - 17,500) Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each	17.50	17.50		
full paid up of Eipii Exports Pvt. Ltd.		27.142		
- 6,99,000 (March 31, 2024 - 6,99,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each				
Fully Paid Eco Rich Cosmetics India Private Ltd at Nil Value				
Others (Non-trade, Unquoted and fully paid-up unless otherwise				
specified)				
Bharat Co-op. Bank Ltd. (At Cost)	1.00	1.00		
Total	18.50	18.50		
Note 5. Non-Current Financial Assets - Others				
Unsecured -considered good				
Security Deposits	27.50	23.73		
FD With Bank Maturity more than 12 Months	812.22	200.00		
Total	839.72	223.73		
Note 6. Other Non-Current Assets				
Unsecured Considered Good				
Capital Advances		21.10		
Balances with Government Authorities	2.00			
Total	2.00	21.10		
Note 7. Inventories	., 10-1-1			
the mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in Note 1(V):				
Raw Material	177.00	194.63		
Packing Material	174.79	214.47		
Work in Progress Finished Goods	60.99	92.38		
Goods in Transit	82.43	89.95		
Stock in Trade	9.03	44.05		
Total	5.45	-		
Total	509.69	635.48		
lote 8. Current Financial Assets - Trade Receivables				
Unsecured-considered good	1,451.85	1,208.78		
Total	1,451.85	1,208.78		

(i) Ageing as at March 31, 2025

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2025						25
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	0.05	1,376.62	75.18		+		1,451.85
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk							
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	THE RESERVE		M 34-24		(to the contract of the contr		
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	+					-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk							
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired				12	Fig. 125		
(vii) Unbilled Dues				-	1000		
Total	0.05	1,376.62	75.18				1,451.85

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(ii) Ageing as at March 31, 2024

(Rs in Lakh)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at March 31, 2024						24
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	4	1,202.75	6.03				1,208.78
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk		-		_		_	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	4:	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-			-	
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk		-	W _{i,ej}			2	
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired			-	-	-	-	-
(vii) Unbilled Dues	2	-	- 1	2	- 1	-	
Total	-	1,202.75	6.03	-		- 1	1,208.78

		(Rs in Lakh)
Particulars	As at	As at
Fathcalais	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Note 9. Current Financial Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents		
FD with bank - maturity less than 3 months	1,029.32	466.40
Balances with Bank	120.97	48.94
Cash on hand	7.74	4.08
Total	1,158.03	519.42
Note 10. Current Financial Assets - Other Bank Balances		
FD with bank maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months	554.80	1,134.19
Margin money deposit (Security & Lien against Overdraft & Easy Cash	334.00	1,154.15
Loan*)	1,140.40	1,774.04
Total	1,695.20	2,908.23
*Out of total margin money Rs. 1,140.40 Lakh, the Company has provided	2,055.20	2,500.25
margin against subsidiary company EIPII Exports Pvt Ltd amounting to Rs.		
1,014.22 Lakh (March 31, 2024 - Rs 550 Lakh)	100 TO 10	
0		
Note 11. Current Financial Assets - Loans	1 SULT 1	
Unsecured Considered good		
Loans to Employees	3.62	6.34
Total	3.62	6.34
,		
Note 12. Current Financial Assets - Others		
Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits and Advances	138.19	102.60
Export Benefit Receivable and Other receivables	4.29	4.45
Total	142.48	107.05
Note 13. Other Current Assets		
Advance to Suppliers	5.99	3.02
GST Receivable	91.20	115.79
Prepaid Expenses	33,49	32.13
Total	130.68	150.94

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Note 14. Equity Share Capital

(Rs in Lakh)

	(115 111 15011			
Particulars	As at	As at		
articulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024		
a) Authorised				
24,000 (March 31, 2024 - 24,000) Equity Share of Rs.100/- each	24.00	24.00		
1,000 (March 31, 2024 - 1,000) Preference Share of Rs.100/- each	1.00	1.00		
Total	25.00	25.00		
b) Issued, Subscribed and paid up				
6,000 (March 31, 2024 - 6,000) Equity Shares of Rs.100/ each, fully paid	6.00	6.00		
Total	6.00	6.00		

c) Reconciliation of share capital

(Rs in Lakh)

Post of the second	As at March 31, 2	2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Particulars	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
Reconciliation of opening and closing equity share capital				
Opening Balance	6,000	6.00	6,000	6.00
Closing Balance	6,000	6.00	6,000	6.00

d) Details of shareholders

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company	As at March 31,	2025	As at March 31, 2024		
Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company	No of shares held	% Holding	No of shares held	% Holding	
1. Bliss GVS Pharma Ltd	4,200	70.00	4,200	70.00	
2. Bhadresh K Thakkar	1,190	19.83	1,190	19.83	
3. Hema B Thakkar	610	10.17	610	10.17	

e) Details of Shares held by Promoters	As at March	31, 2025	As at Marc	% Change	
	No of Shares held	% of total shares	No of Shares held	% of total Shares	during the
1. Bhadresh K Thakkar	1,190	19.83%	1,190	19.83%	(*)

f) The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 100/- per share. Each Shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the unlikely event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

	100	(Rs in Lakh)
Particulars	As at	As a
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Note 15. Other Equity		
Surplus in statement of profit and loss		
At the beginning of the year	6,420.42	5,455.35
Add : Profit for the year	1,199.91	983.07
Less: Dividend during the year	18.00	18.00
Closing Balance at the end of the year	7,602.33	6,420.42
General reserve		
At the beginning of the year	166.00	166.00
Add- Addition during the year		-
Closing Balance at the end of the year	166.00	166.00
Other Comprehensive Income		
At the beginning of the year	2.66	4.56
Add: Transfer during the year	(1.12)	(1.90)
Closing Balance at the end of the year	1.54	2.66
Total	7,769.87	6,589.08

Note:

i) General Reserve

The general reserve is a free reserve, retained from Company's profits. The reserves can be utilised as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

		(Rs in Lakh)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Note 16. Non Current Financial Liabilities- Borrowings		
Secured		
Term Loan (Motor Car)	17.28	49.69
1. Term Loans includes motor car loan of Rs. 49.69 Lakh (As at March 31, 2024 - Rs. 79.43 Lakh)		
including current maturities of Rs. 32.41 Lakh (As at March 31, 2024 - Rs. 29.74 Lakh) which has		
been secured by Hypothecation of Motor Car and the rate of interest is @ 8.63% p.a.		
Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.		
3. The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any		
other lender.		56
4. There are no pending registration of charges or satisfaction of charges with pending with		
Registrar of Companies	10000	
Total	17.28	49.69
Note 17. Non Current Financial Liabilities -Lease Liabilities		
Lease Liability (Refer Note 37)	23.64	2.07
Total	23.64	2.07
.8		
Note 18. Non-Current - Provisions		
Provision for Employee benefit (Refer Note 38)		6.97
Total		6.97
	11/4/2019	
Note 19. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		
Deferred Tax Liability	The second	
Depreciation / Impairment	153.06	153.29
Employee Benefit	0.53	0.91
Deferred Tax Asset		
Employee Benefit Asset		
Others	1.88	1.65
Net Deferred tax Asset / (Liability)	151.71	152.55
	Ber a 1.7.	
Note 20. Other Non Current Liabilities		
Deferred Income	4.71	6.06
Total	4.71	6.06
Deferred income includes Captial Grants		

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

		(NS III Lakii)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As a March 31, 2024
Note 21. Current Financial Liabilities- Borrowings	March 31, 2023	Water 31, 202
From Banks:		
Secured		
Working Capital Loan against Fixed Deposit	15.85	693.75
Term Loan (Motor Car)	32.41	29.74
Total	48.26	723.49
Note:		
1. Working Capital loan against deposit is secured by charge on the Fixed deposits held by the		
Company with the Bank		
2. The Company has taken working capital loans at interest ranging from 6.80% to 7.30% per		
annum. Working Capital loan against deposit is secured by charge on the fixed deposits held by		
the Company with the bank.		
The loans are also secured by personal guarantee of Mr. Bhadresh Thakkar, Managing Director of the Company.		
Quarterly statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks are in agreement		
with the books of accounts.		
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		
5. The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.		
6. The Company has not utilised any funds raised on short term basis for long term purpose.		
7. The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.		
Note 22.Current Financial Liabilities - Lease Liabilities	Q. B.	
Lease Liability (Refer Note 37)	15.97	11.11
Total	15.97	11.11
Note 23. Current Financial Liabilities - Trade Payable		
(A) Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	157.07	154.03
(B) Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note 40)	293,19	199.18
Total	450.26	353.21

(i) Ageing as at March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Tota
(i) MSME	157.07		-	0	157.07
(ii) Others	292.39		0.80	-	293.19
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSMEs			-		
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others					
(v) Unbilled Dues			+ 1		
Total	449.46		0.80		450.26

(ii) Ageing as at March 31, 2024

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Tota
(i) MSME	154.03	-		-	154.03
(ii) Others	199.18	740			199.18
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSMEs		-	-		700
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	- 1		-		
(v) Unbilled Dues					-
Total	353.21	541	-	-	353.21

(Rs In Lakh) As at As at Particulars March 31, 2024 March 31, 2025 Note 24. Current Financial Liabilities - Others Employees Related Payables 41.73 44.32 Other Payables Interest Accrued but not due 16.07 9.67 2.35 53.75 Total 60.39 Note 25. Other Current Liabilities Advance from Customers 170.68 220.30 Advance received against Asset held for Sale (Refer Note 49) Statutory Dues Payable 200.00 8.57 12.82 Total 383.50 228.87 Note 26. Current Provisions Provision for Employee Benefit (Refer Note 38) Total 15.16

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

Danki audana .	(Rs in Lakh			
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024		
Note 27. Revenue from Operations				
Sale of goods including trading sales	5,838.81	5,304.25		
Sale of services	184.91	192.05		
Other operating revenues	104.31	192.05		
- Export Incentives	100.20	F2 62		
TOTAL	108.38 6,132.10	53.63 5,549.93		
		3,3 13.33		
Note 28. Other Income				
Interest income:				
-On Bank FD	239.71	161.57		
-On Loans and Advances	5.08	101.57		
Other non-operating income, net:	5.00			
-Gain on foreign exchange translation (net)	84.66	61.34		
-Gain on sale of assets (net)	84.00	1.51		
-Others	10.10			
TOTAL	10.10 339.55	1.34 225.76		
	333.33	223.70		
Note 29 . Cost of Materials Consumed				
-Raw Materials	194.63	165.33		
-Packing Materials	214.47	166.17		
Sub-Total Sub-Total	409.10	331.50		
Add : Purchases	2,580.24	2,477.30		
	2,989.34	2,808.80		
-Raw Materials	177.00	194.63		
-Packing Materials	174.79	214.47		
Sub-Total	351.79	409.10		
TOTAL	2,637.55	2,399.70		
Note 30. Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods/WIP/Stock-in- Frade Opening Stock of				
-Work in Progress	92.38	79.19		
-Finished Goods	134.00	155.77		
-Stock in Trade	- 15 1.00	90.60		
	226.38	325.56		
Less: Closing Stock of		ngag r testas		
-Work in Progress	60.99	92.38		
-Finished Goods	91.46	134.00		
-Stock in Trade	5.45	-		
	157.9	226.38		
Decrease/(Increase) in Stock	68.48	99.18		

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

	(Rs in Lakh)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Note 31. Employee Benefit Expenses		
Salaries and wages	692.80	622.28
Contribution to Provident & other funds	32.86	32.85
Gratuity expense (Refer Note 38)	9.17	7.08
Staff welfare Expenses	57.65	53.04
TOTAL	792.48	715.25
Note 32. Finance Cost		₩
Interest on term loans	5.70	6.01
Interest on other loans	39.85	58.50
Interest on lease liabilities (Refer Note 37)	2.25	2.19
Finance charges	4.89	6.01
TOTAL	52.69	72.71
Note 33. Other Expenses		
Power and fuel	136.82	134.58
Rent (Including Lease Rental)	0.58	0.08
Rates and taxes	4.14	6.81
Insurance	17.82	11.00
Repairs and maintenance		
- Machinery	59.91	60.83
- Others	32.38	27.67
Postage, Telephone and Communication	11.34	13.62
Legal and Professional Charges	37.18	34.57
Advertisement	0.50	1.14
Freight outward	259.06	133.74
Sales promotion expenses	91.23	99.18
Business Development Expenses	35.52	37.42
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	110.23	159.33
Auditors' remuneration (Refer Note 46)	7.78	6.05
Donations and contributions	0.02	0.82
Loss on Sale of Asset	6.59	2
Corporate Social Responsibilty (Refer Note 48)	32.00	22.27
Miscellaneous expenses	192.35	154.56
TOTAL	1,035.45	903.67

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

34. Fair value hierarchy

a. Accounting Classification and Fair Values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair valuation information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is reasonable approximation of fair value.

Financial Instrument by Category As at March 31, 2025 As at March 31, 2024 Sr No **Particulars** Amortised **FVOCI FVTPL FVOCI FVTPL Amortised Cost** Financial Assets (other than investment in subsidiaries and associates) (A) Non-Current assets Investments in Unquoted Equity Shares 1.00 1.00 Others 839.72 223.73 Current assets (B) Trade Receivables 1,451.85 1,208.78 Cash & Cash Equivalents 1,158.03 519.42 Other Bank balances 1,695.20 2,908.23 4 Current loans 3.62 6.34 Other current financial assets 142.48 107.05 **Total Financial Assets** 5,291.90 4,974.55 Financial Liabilities (A) Non-Current Liabilities Non-Current Borrowings 17.28 49.69 Lease Liabilities 23.64 2.07 (B) Current liabilities Current Borrowings 48.26 723.49 Trade Payables 450.26 353.21 Lease Liabilities 15.97 11.11 Other Financial Liabilities 60.39 53.75 Total Financial Liabilities 615.80

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortized cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. The company doesn't have investment in equity instruments that have quoted price.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in this level.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Fair value for assets measured at amortized cost

During the years mentioned above, there have been no transfers amongst the levels of hierarchy.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, and other bank balances, current loans, other current financial assets, current borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are considered to be approximately equal to the fair value.

Valuation process

The Company evaluates the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities on periodic basis using the best and most relevant data available. Also, the Company internally evaluates the valuation process and obtains independent price validation for certain instruments wherever necessary

35. Financial risk management

The company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and Market risk.

A. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and bank balances, current and non-current loans, trade receivables and other financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Credit risk management

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed.

The Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of the counter party, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual limits are set accordingly. Investments at Amortized Cost are strategic investments in associated lines of business activity; the company closely monitors the performance of these Companies.

Bank deposits are placed with reputed banks / financial institutions. Hence, there is no significant credit risk on such fixed deposits.

Trade Receivable: The Company trades with recognized and credit worthy third parties. It is the Company's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an on-going basis with the result that the Company's exposure to bad debts is not significant. Also the company does not enter into sales transaction with customers having credit loss history. There are no significant credit risks with related parties of the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-payment by customers. Also credit risks in some of cases are mitigated by letter of credit/Advances from the customer.

The history of trade receivables shows a negligible allowance for bad and doubtful debts.

B. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. For the Company, liquidity risk arises from obligations on account of financial liabilities

Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities.

Liquidity risk management

The company manages its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring its rolling cash flow forecasts. The company's operations provide a natural liquidity of receivables against payments due to creditors. Borrowings are managed through credit facilities agreed with the Banks, internal accruals and realization of liquid assets. In the event of cash shortfalls, the company approaches the lenders for a suitable term extension.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Maturities of Financial Liabilities

(Rs. in Lakh)

	Due in	Due in	Due in	Due after	200 101
As at March 31, 2025	Year 0 to 1	Year 1 to 2	Year 3 to 5	Year 5	Total
Borrowings	48.26	17.28	-	.=	65.54
Trade Payables	450.26	-	:= 1	-	450.26
Lease Liabilities	15.97	23.64	м=	-	39.61
Other Financial Liabilities	60.39		-	~	60.39
Total	574.88	40.92	-	-	615.80
A M L 24 . 2024	Due in	Due in	Due in	Due after	
As at March 31, 2024	Year 0 to 1	Year 1 to 2	Year 3 to 5	Year 5	Total
Borrowings	723.49	32.41	17.28	-	773.18
Trade Payables	353.21	-	-	-	353.21
Lease Liabilities	11.11	0.98	1.09	-	13.18
Other Financial Liabilities	53.73	-	8=	-	53.73
Total	1,141.54	33.39	18.37	8-	1,193.30

C. Market risk

Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency receivables and payables. The foreign currency exposures are to USD and EURO.

Foreign currency risk management

Considering the time duration of exposures, the company believes that there will be no significant impact on account of fluctuation in exchange rates.

Currencies	Financial Assets	Financial Assets	Financial Liabilities	Net Exposure
	Trade Receivables	Other Financial Assets	Trade Payables	Assets/(Liability)
As at March 31, 2025				
USD	1,280.19	3.42	-	1,283.61
EURO	12	0.39		0.39
As at March 31, 2024			*	
USD	863.14	:=:	-	863.14
EURO	0.27		-	0.27

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

	Impact on statement of Profit and Loss (Before Tax)		
Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended	
	March 31,2025	March 31,2024	
	Net Gain/ (Loss)	Net Gain/ (Loss)	
USD Sensitivity			
INR/USD		27	
Increase by 1%	12.80	8.63	
Decrease by 1%	(12.80)	(8.63)	
EURO Sensitivity			
INR/EURO			
Increase by 1%	0.00	0.00	
Decrease by 1%	0.00	(0.00)	
Total Impact of Foreign Currency Fluctuation			
Increase by 1%	12.80	8.63	
Decrease by 1%	(12.80)	(8.63)	

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

There are no borrowings on the floating interest in the company so there is no impact of interest rate risk.

(Rs In lakh)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Borrowing at Fixed Interest Rate		
Non Current Borrowings	17.28	49.69
Current Borrowings	48.26	723.49
Total Borrowings	65.54	773.18

Price Risk Management:

The Company holds investments in equity for strategic management purposes and classified in the balance sheet at amortised cost. The Company evaluates the performance of its investments on a periodic basis. Also, the investments have been placed for a long term objective and any deterioration for a temporary period is not taken into account while evaluating the performance of its investments.

Capital Risk Management:

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, all other equity reserves and debts. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is total borrowing divided by total capital (equity plus net debt). Total borrowings are non-current and current borrowings. Equity comprises all components including other comprehensive income.

CIN: U24230MH1992PTC066737

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

The capital composition is as follows:

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Total Borrowings (a)	65.54	773.18
Total Equity (b)	7,775.87	6,595.08
Total Capital (Net Debt plus total Equity) (c)	7,841.41	7,368.26
Capital Gearing Ratio (a/c)	0.84%	10.49%

36. Investments in Subsidiaries

Kremoint Pharma Private Limited (The Company) has controlling interest, directly or through subsidiaries; step down subsidiaries in the following entities as at March 31, 2025.

Name of the Subsidiary	Netwo	Country of	% of Shareholding	
Company	Nature	Incorporation	As at March 2025	As at March 2024
Eipii Exports Private Limited	Subsidiary	India	70%	70%

37. Leases

The significant leasing arrangements are in respect of godown, warehouses etc. taken on lease. The arrangements range between 11 months to 5 years and are generally renewable by mutual consent or on mutually agreeable terms. The minimum lease payments under non cancellable operating leases are summarized below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Not Later than one year	15.97	11.11
Later than one year and not later than five year	23.64	2.07
Later than five years		

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

	(RS In Lakn)		
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
(a) Amounts recognised in Balance Sheet			
Right-of-Use Asset recognised as at April 1	12.36	29.70	
Addition during the year	43.33		
Depreciation for the year	17.09	17.34	
Derecognition of Right-of-Use Asset during the year	-		
Right-of-Use asset at the end of the year March 31	38.60	12.36	
Lease Liabilities recognized as at April 1	13.18	30.13	
Addition during the year	43.33	-	
Interest cost accrued during the year	2.25	2.19	
Payment of Lease Liabilities (Principal and Interest)	(19.15)	(19.14)	
Derecognition of Lease Liabilities during the year		·=·	
Lease concession related to COVID-19	-		
Lease Liabilities at the end of the year	39.61	13.18	
Current Lease Liabilities	15.97	11.11	
Non-Current Lease Liabilities	23.64	2.07	
(b) Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss		131-14	
Depreciation for the year	17.09	17.34	
Interest cost accrued during the year	2.25	2.19	
Expenses related to short term leases	0.58	(*)	
Lease concession related to COVID-19 recognised for the year	-	(a)	
Income recognised on discontinuation of Lease during the year			
Impact on the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year	19.92	19.53	

38. Employee Benefit

Company has covered its gratuity liability by a group gratuity plan issued by an Insurance Company under the Plan Employee at retirement is eligible for benefits which will be equal to 15 days salary for each completed year of service subject to maximum limit allowable as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

			(Rs in Lakh)
Sr No	Particulars	As at March 31,2025	As at March 31,2024
I.	Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
1	Current Service Cost	8.56	7.66
2	Interest Expenses (Net)	0.61	0.42
3	Past Service Cost	=	*
4	(Gain) / Loss on Settlements		
5	Reimbursement Service Cost	-	=
6	Total Expenses (A)	9.17	8.08
II	Expense recognised in Other Comprehensive Income for the year	w.	
1	Remeasurements - Due to Demographic Assumptions		-
2	Remeasurements - Due to Financial Assumptions	2.31	2.61
3	Remeasurements - Due to Experience Adjustments	(0.95)	(0.29)
4	(Return) on Plan Assets (Excluding Interest Income)	0.14	0.22
5	(Return) on Reimbursement Rights	-	₽
6	Changes in Asset Ceiling / Onerous Liability		
7	Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss included in OCI (B)	1.50	2.54
8	Total Cost recognised in Total Comprehensive Income (A)+(B)	10.67	10.62
Ш	Net Asset/(Liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet		
1	Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	107.90	97.33
2	Fair Value of Plan Assets	92.74	90.36
3	Amount recognized	15.16	6.97
IV	Change in the Obligation during the year		
1	Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at the beginning	97.34	92.30
2	Current Service cost	8.56	7.66
3	Interest Expenses	6.70	6.44
4	Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	1.36	2.32
5	Benefit Paid	(5.22)	(10.50)
6	Other Expenses	(0.84)	(0.88)
6	Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of the year	107.90	97.34
V	Change in Fair Value of Assets during the year		
1	Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning	90.36	84.04
2	Interest Income	6.09	6.02
3	Contribution by employer	2.48	11.90
4	Benefit Paid from Plan Asset	(5.22)	(10.50)
5	Other Expenses	(0.83)	(0.87)
6	Actuarial Gain/(Loss) On Plan Asset	(0.14)	(0.23)
7	Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	92.74	90.36
VI	The major categories of Plan Assets as a percentage of		
-0.00	Total Plan		
	Funded With LIC	100%	100%
VII	Actuarial Assumptions	, ,	
1	Discount Rate	6.85%	7.10%
2	Expected rate of interest on plan assets	6.86%-7.25%	6.86%-7.67%
3	Salary Escalation rate	6.00%	6.00%
4	Mortality Rate (as % of IALM (2012-14) Ult. Mortality Table)	100%	100.00%

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

VIII	Current/Non-Current Benefit Obligation (The basis of split		
	is on "Net Liability" basis)	"	
	Current	15.16	
	Non-Current	3r U.=:	6.97
IX	Sensitivity Analysis		
	Discount rate	1	10
	Up by 1%	(7.80)	8.78
	Down by 1%	9.10	(7.47)
	Salary Escalation		
	Up by 1%	0.90	(7.44)
	Down by 1%	(1.00)	8.53
Х	Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation		
	Expected Future Cash flows		P0051/74 10
	Year 1	28.55	21.91
	Year 2	2.03	8.37
	Year 3	8.13	3.34
	Year 4	6.53	7.93
	Year 5	5.06	6.31
	Year 6 to 10	30.99	31.26

The Company's Defined Benefit Plan is funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India. Company's Benefit Plan is exposed to risk such as investment risk, market risk (discount rate), longevity risk and actuarial risk. Any change in these factors would impact the contribution to the fund.

The Best Estimate Contribution for the Company during the next year would be Rs 15.16 Lakh.

Gratuity for the current and 2 years preceding the financial year 2024-25

(Rs in Lakh)

			(INS III Lakii)
Particular	2024-25	2023-24	2022-23
Liability at the end of the year	107.9	97.33	92.3
Fair Value of Plant Asset at the end of the year	92.74	90.36	84.04
Amount Recognized and disclosed under the head "Provision for Employee Benefits"	15.16	6.97	8.26
(Gain)/Loss due to change in Assumptions	2.31	2.61	(2.45)
Experience adjustments -Plan Liabilities	(0.95)	(0.29)	(3.81)
Return on Planned Assets/(Liabilities)	0.14	0.22	0.14
Total (Gain)/Loss	1.50	2.54	(6.12)

Note: The Gratuity fund is entirely invested in Group Gratuity Policy with the Life Insurance Corporation of India. The information on the allocation of the funds into major asset classes and the expected return on each class is not readily available.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

39. Tax Reconciliation:

(Rs in Lakh)

		(INS III LUKII)
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Profit Before Taxes	1,618.00	1,319.92
Income tax rate	25.168%	25.168%
Expected income tax expense	407.22	332.20
Tax effect of adjustments to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported income tax expense		
Non-deductible expenses for tax purpose	16.48	9.30
Non Taxable Income	(0.34)	(1.02)
Deductions and exemptions	(4.82)	(4.82)
Taxation adjustment of earlier years	0.01	0.68
Others	(0.46)	0.51
Total Tax Expenses	418.09	336.85

40. Disclosure required under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (the Act) are given as follows

This information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This information has been relied upon by the Auditors.

(Rs in Lakh)

		(No III Lakii)		
Sr No	Particulars	As at March 31,2025	As at . March 31,2024	
a)	Principal amount outstanding (including capex creditors)	157.07	154.03	
b)	Interest Due on the above	-	-	
c)	Principal amount paid during the year beyond appointed day	H:	-	
d)	Interest paid during the year beyond the appointed day	¥	-	
e)	Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment without adding the interest specified under the Act	-	=	
f)	Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year		-	
g)	Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Act.	9- -	-	

41. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Customers

(a) Details of revenue from contracts with customers recognized by the Company, net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

Revenue from Operations	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Sale of Goods	5,838.81	5,304.24
Sale of Services	184.91	192.05
Total Sales	6,023.72	5,496.30
Other Operating Revenues	108.38	53.63
Total	6,132.10	5,549.93

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

- (b) Total revenue recognized under Ind AS 115 during the year is Rs. 6,023.72 lakhs (March 31, 2024 Rs. 5.496.30 Lakhs) is recognized at a point in time.
- (c) Disaggregation of revenue into operating segments and geographical areas for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

Revenue from Operations For the year ended For the				
For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024			
4,810.38	4,335.99			
1,028.43	968.26			
184.91	192.05			
6,023.72	5,496.30			
108.38	53.63			
6,132.10	5,549.93			
	March 31, 2025 4,810.38 1,028.43 184.91 6,023.72 108.38			

42. Earning Per Share

Earning per Share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity share holders by the equity share outstanding at the end of the year.

(Rs in Lakh)

	(NS III EURIT)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Profit after Tax (in Lakh)	1,199.91	983.07
No of Equity Shares	6,000	6,000
Earning Per Share (in Rs)	19,998.50	16,384.50

43. Related Party Disclosure

Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year

(Disclosures have been made to the extent of information available)

Holding Company

Bliss GVS Pharma Ltd.

Subsidiary

EIPII Exports Private Ltd.

Key Management Personnel

1. Mr. Bhadresh Keshavji Thakkar

2. Ms. Yesha Bhadresh Thakkar (w.e.f 20-07-2024)

Relative of Key Management Personnel

1.Ms. Yesha Bhadresh Thakkar (till 19-07-2024)

2.Mrs. Hema Bhadresh Thakkar 3.Mr. Yash Bhawarlal Jain

4.Ms. Ritu Bhadresh Thakkar

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Transactions during the year and balances outstanding as on March 31, 2025, with related parties were as follows:

Related Party Transactions

(Rs in Lakh)

Name	Transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Mr Bhadresh Keshavji Thakkar	Director Remuneration	66.00	66.00
	Dividend Paid	3.57	3.57
Ms. Yesha Bhadresh Thakkar	Salary	27.05	38.14
	Director Remuneration	19.32	0.00
	Bonus	3.22	2.45
Mrs. Hema Bhadresh Thakkar	Dividend Paid	1.83	1.83
Bliss GVS Pharma Ltd.	Sales	37.55	9.30
	Purchase	0.80	65.88
	Job Work Income	184.91	192.05
Ř.	Purchase of Asset	0.00	2.69
	Dividend Paid	12.60	12.60
Eipii Exports Pvt. Ltd.	Sales	378.12	549.84
3	Interest Received	5.07	-
	Loan Given	500.00	
	Loan Repaid	500.00	·
9	Guarantee provided by way of security of FD lien	1,014.22	550.00
Ritu Thakkar	Salary	8.08	1. 1982 a 1982 <u>a</u>
	Bonus	0.88	-
Yash Jain	Salary	15.68	11.40
	Bonus	1.28	0.60

Name	T	Outsta	nding
Name	Transaction	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Eipii Exports Private Limited	Receivable	96.15	305.75
Bliss GVS Pharma Ltd.	Receivable	0.05	

44. Contingent Liabilities

(Rs in Lakh)

	(NS III EURII)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Letter of Guarantee issued by Bank	1.00	1.00
Security provided to Bank on behalf of Subsidiary		
Company for Overdraft facility	1,014.22	550.00

45. Capital Commitment

Capital Commitment for tangible assets (Net of Advance Paid) is Rs. NIL (Previous year Rs. 45.27 Lakhs).

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

46. Auditor's Remuneration

(Rs in Lakh)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Statutory Audit Fees	5.00	4.00
Limited Review Fees	2.50	2.00
Certification fee	0.28	0.05
Total	7.78	6.05

47: Ratio Analysis

Sr No	Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	% Variance	Reason for Variance
_				Wairen 51, 2025	Mail Cit 31, 2024		
a)	Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	5.28	4.07	30%	On account of substantial reduction in borrowings under current Liabilities
b)	Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.01	0.12	-93%	On account of substantial reduction in borrowings under current Liabilities
c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Net Profit After Taxes + Depreciations and Amortizations + Interest + Loss on sale of Fixed assets etc		21.52	1.56	1282%	Due to repayment of Loan there is increase in Debt Service coverage ratio
d)	Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.15	0.15	4%	NA
e)	Inventory Tumover Ratio		Average Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-in- Progress and Stock-in-Trade	4.92	4.05	21%	NA
	Trade Receivables turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivable	4.61	3.09	49%	On account of increase in Revenue from operation
	Trade Payable tumover Ratio	Purchases	Average Trade Payables	6.69	3.84	74%	On account of increase in Purchases.
	Net Working Capital turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Current Assets - Current Liabilities	1,47	1.32	11%	NA
i)	527-252-5270-252-525-525-525-525-525-525-525-525-52	Profit After Tax (after exceptional items)	Total Income	18.54	17.02	9%	NA
	Return on Capital employed	Earning before Interest and Taxes	Capital Employed	21.02	20.45	3%	NA

48. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

The amount prescribed under the Act, to be spent during the year on CSR Activities is Rs. 32.00 Lakh (March 31, 2024, Rs 27.53 Lakh).

The contribution during the year towards CSR Activities are made to funds eligible under section 135 of the Act as specified in schedule VII. The amount contributed is Rs 32.00 Lakh.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Rs in Lakh)

				(NS III LAKII)
Amount identified for spending on Corporate Social Responsibility activities "other than Ongoing Projects"	Unspent Amount of (b)	Excess Amount Spent Carried Forward from Previous year	Amount Spent during the year	Nature of CSR Activities
(b)	(c)		(d)	
32.00	E	=:	32.00	Eradication of hunger and malnutrition
32.00	-	X4E	32.00	
27.53	=1	5.26	22.27	Eradication of hunger and malnutrition
27.53	₹.	5.26	22.27	
	identified for spending on Corporate Social Responsibility activities "other than Ongoing Projects" (b) 32.00 27.53	identified for spending on Corporate Social Responsibility activities "other than Ongoing Projects" (b) (c) 32.00 - 27.53 -	identified for spending on Corporate Social Responsibility activities "other than Ongoing Projects" (b) (c) 32.00 27.53 - 5.26	identified for spending on Corporate Social Responsibility activities "other than Ongoing Projects" (b) (c) (d) 32.00 32.00 - 32.00 27.53 Amount of (b) Spent Carried Forward from Previous year (d) (d) 32.00 - 32.00

49. Asset held for sale

The Company has classified Assets located at Ambernath, Location as held for sale during the year ended March 31, 2025 consequent to the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) entered by the Company. The transaction is expected to be completed by September 30, 2025. Also, the Company has received advance against the asset sale Rs. 200 Lakh during the year.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Land	514.78	
Building	202.46	-
Total	717.24	-

- **50:** There are no Benami properties held by the Company. Also, there has been no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under.
- **51:** The Company doesn't have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- **52:** There are no transactions which are recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- 53: The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual currency during the financial year.
- **54:** The standalone financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with resolution passed by the Board of Directors on **May 10, 2025**.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

55: Other information required by the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are not applicable.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 55 forming part of Balance sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss.

As per our report of even date For Panachand K Shah & Co. Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

BK. Thakkar

Panachand K Shah

Proprietor

Membership No: 033253

F R NO: 107271W

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2025

Bhadresh Thakkar

Director

(DIN: 00774787)

Place: Mumbai Date : May 10, 2025 Gagan Harsh Sharma

Director

(DIN: 07939421)